The Economic Impact of West Oxfordshire's Visitor Economy 2016

Produced on behalf of the West Oxfordshire District Council By

The South West Research Company Ltd

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Contents

	Pag
Introduction	3
West Oxfordshire district data	4



Introduction

This report examines the volume and value of tourism and the impact of visitor expenditure on the local economy in West Oxfordshire district in 2016. West Oxfordshire works very closely with other districts in Gloucestershire as part of the Cotswold brand so comparisons to Gloucestershire districts are also provided.

The figures were derived using the Cambridge Economic Impact Model undertaken by The South West Research Company (TSWRC). The model utilises information from national tourism surveys and regionally/locally based data. It distributes regional activity as measured in those surveys to local areas using 'drivers' such as the accommodation stock and occupancy which influence the distribution of tourism activity at local level.

For further information on the Cambridge Model and the terms used in this report please see Appendix 1 which accompanies this report.

For an overview of 2016, including key facts about the economy, weather and key events please see Appendix 2 of this report.



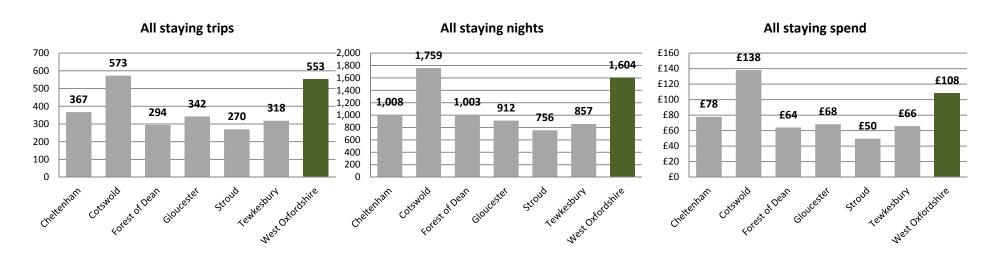
Value of Tourism 2016 West Oxfordshire

Key Facts				
553,300	Staying visitor trips			
1,604,000	Staying visitor nights			
£108,056,000	Staying visitor spend			
3,689,000	Day visits			
£132,403,000	Day visitor spend			
£240,459,000	Direct visitor spend			
£11,635,000	Other related spend			
£252,094,000	TOTAL VISITOR RELATED SPEND			
£288,276,000	TOTAL BUSINESS TURNOVER SUPPORTED			
5,028	Estimated actual employment			
3,626	FTE employment			
9%	Proportion of all employment			

West Oxfordshire – Staying visits

Information on staying visits is derived from the Great Britain Tourism Survey (GBTS) for domestic visitors and from the International Passenger Survey (IPS) for Overseas visitors. The methodology of both surveys has been stable since 2006 allowing for direct comparison between years and the analysis of trend data. Data at a county level is derived from the national surveys for trips, nights and spend but adjusted to account for local data and modelled below this level.

West Oxfordshire - Staying visits comparisons



Area	Domestic trips (000's)	Overseas trips (000's)	Domestic nights (000's)	Overseas nights (000's)	Domestic spend (millions)	Overseas spend (millions)
Cheltenham	316	51	705	303	£57	£20
Cotswold	504	69	1,304	455	£105	£33
Forest of Dean	254	40	685	318	£44	£20
Gloucester	294	48	637	275	£50	£18
Stroud	232	37	535	221	£36	£14
Tewkesbury	276	42	634	223	£50	£16
West Oxfordshire	478	76	1,036	568	£75	£33

West Oxfordshire - Staying visits by accommodation type

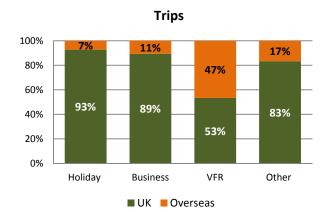
Domestic tourists	Trips	Nights	Spend
Serviced	320,700	532,000	£58,146,000
Self catering	12,000	41,000	£2,477,000
Touring caravans /tents	34,000	100,000	£5,210,000
Static vans/holiday centres	0	0	£0
Group/campus	0	0	£0
Paying guest in private homes	0	0	£0
Second homes	3,900	104,000	£1,274,000
Boat moorings	0	0	£0
Other	5,600	22,000	£481,000
Staying with friends and relatives	101,700	236,000	£7,160,000
Total	477,800	1,036,000	£74,748,000

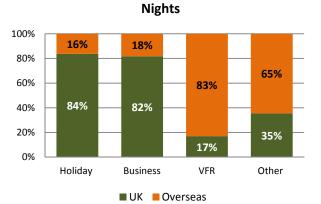
Overseas tourists	Trips	Nights	Spend
Serviced	23,600	78,000	£11,416,000
Self catering	7,400	151,000	£9,148,000
Touring caravans /tents	3,300	16,000	£1,203,000
Static vans/holiday centres	0	0	£0
Group/campus	0	0	£0
Paying guest in private homes	0	0	£0
Second homes	900	15,000	£793,000
Boat moorings	0	0	£0
Other	7,000	33,000	£1,587,000
Staying with friends and relatives	33,400	274,000	£9,162,000
Total	75,500	568,000	£33,308,000

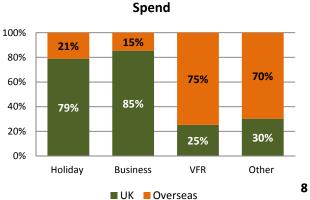
West Oxfordshire - Staying visits by purpose

Domestic tourists	Trips	Nights	Spend
Holiday	320,000	710,000	£45,081,000
Business	93,000	224,000	£23,525,000
Visits to friends and relatives	40,000	63,000	£4,709,000
Other	25,000	39,000	£1,433,000
Study	0	0	£0
Total	478,000	1,036,000	£74,748,000

Overseas tourists	Trips	Nights	Spend
Holiday	25,000	138,000	£12,024,000
Business	11,000	50,000	£4,020,000
Visits to friends and relatives	35,000	308,000	£13,958,000
Other	5,000	71,000	£3,306,000
Study	0	0	£0
Total	76,000	568,000	£33,308,000







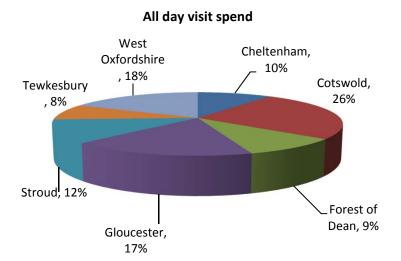
West Oxfordshire – Day visits

Information on day visits within this report has been derived from the 2016 Great Britain Day Visit Survey (GBDVS). The survey, which was first undertaken in 2011, provides a much needed update on day visit activity in Great Britain and generally speaking estimated greater frequencies of trip taking than the previous day visit survey (England Leisure Visits Survey 2005). As a result of the new methodology in 2011 comparisons with previous day visit estimates are not possible.

The GBDVS distinguishes between day visits to a town or city; to the seaside and coast; and to the countryside. Different drivers are used within the model to distribute these trips. Local 'drivers' such as attraction footfall, quality and size of countryside and coastline are factored into the model for this purpose.

West Oxfordshire - Day visits comparisons

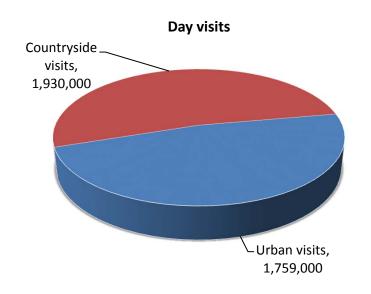
All day visits West Oxfordshire 7,16% Cheltenham, 8% Cotswold, 30% Stroud, 12% Forest of Dean, 11%

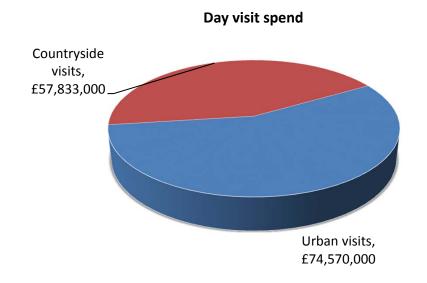


Area	Day visits	Day visit spend
Cheltenham	1.8	£74.0
Cotswold	6.7	£191.0
Forest of Dean	2.4	£70.6
Gloucester	3.3	£129.2
Stroud	2.7	£88.4
Tewkesbury	1.9	£60.1
West Oxfordshire	3.7	£132.4

West Oxfordshire - Day visits by location

Total day visits	Total day visit spend
3,689,000	£132,403,000





West Oxfordshire - Direct visitor expenditure by category

Information on the breakdown of visitor spending is available from the three main tourism and day visitor surveys by type of visitor. The Model divides the expenditure between five sectors:

- Accommodation
- Shopping for gifts, clothes and other goods
- · Eating and drinking in restaurants, cafes and inns
- Entry to attractions, entertainment and hire of goods and services
- Transport and travel costs including public transport, purchase of fuel and parking

The following pages look at the breakdown of this expenditure and business turnover arising from this expenditure.

By applying the expenditure breakdown to the estimates of visitor spending the Model generates estimates of total spending by the five business sectors. Visitor expenditure in each sector represents additional turnover for businesses in those sectors. However, evidence from national studies suggests that some minor adjustments are required to match visitor spend to business turnover. In particular, some expenditure on food and drink actually takes place in inns and hotels that fall into the accommodation sector and at attractions. The turnover for each business sector has therefore been adjusted to take account of these marginal changes. More significantly, expenditure on travel costs associated with individual trips is as likely to take place at the origin of the trip as it is at the actual destination. It is therefore assumed that only 60% of total travel expenditure accrues to the destination area.

West Oxfordshire – Direct visitor expenditure by category



Accommodation

UK staying visitors £28,370,000Overseas staying visitors £9,121,000



Shopping

UK staying visitors
Overseas staying visitors
Day visitors
£8,396,000
£9,654,000
£43,789,000



Food & drink

UK staying visitors
Overseas staying visitors
Day visitors
£16,979,000
£7,570,000
£54,568,000



Attractions/entertainment

UK staying visitors
 Overseas staying visitors
 Day visitors
 £6,904,000
 £3,607,000
 £17,585,000



Travel

UK staying visitors £14,099,000
Overseas staying visitors £3,357,000
Day visitors £16,461,000

West Oxfordshire – Other visitor related expenditure by category



Second Homes £4,170,000



Visiting friends and relatives (non-visitor spend) £7,465,000

- Spend on second homes estimates cover rates, maintenance, and replacement of furniture and fittings...
- Additional spending is incurred by friends and relatives as a result of people coming to stay with them.

West Oxfordshire – Business turnover

Turnover derived from trip expenditure	Staying visitor related	Day visitor related	Total
Accommodation	£37,982,000	£1,091,000	£39,073,000
Retailing	£17,869,000	£43,351,000	£61,220,000
Catering	£23,813,000	£52,931,000	£76,744,000
Attractions/entertainment	£10,937,000	£18,569,000	£29,506,000
Transport	£10,473,000	£9,877,000	£20,350,000
Arising from non trip spend	£11,635,000	£0	£11,635,000
Total Direct	£112,709,000	£125,819,000	£238,528,000

^{*}Adjustments have been made to recognise that some spending on retail and food and drink will fall within attractions or accommodation establishments. It is assumed that 40% of travel spend will take place at the origin of the trip rather than at the destination.

Total business turnover supported by tourism activity	Staying visitor related	Day visitor related	Total
Direct	£112,709,000	£125,819,000	£238,528,000
Supplier and income induced	£27,399,000	£22,349,000	£49,748,000
Total	£140,108,000	£148,168,000	£288,276,000

West Oxfordshire – Tourism related employment

Having identified the value of turnover generated by visitor spending in each business sector it is possible to estimate the employment associated with that spending.

The use of visitor expenditure to generate job numbers underestimates the number of jobs arising in the attractions/entertainment sector. The underestimate arises because local authorities and voluntary bodies do not always seek to recoup the full operating costs of individual attractions of facilities from entrance charges. Therefore an additional percentage of direct employment is added to the attractions sector estimates to take account of this factor.

This section of the report looks at employment on three levels;

- **Direct Jobs** Direct jobs are those in businesses in receipt of visitor spending. For example, jobs supported by visitor spending at a hotel would be direct jobs.
- Indirect Jobs Indirect employment arises as a result of expenditure by businesses in direct receipt of visitor expenditure on the purchase of goods and services for their businesses. For example, some of the employment at a business supplying food and drink may be supported through the supplies that the business sells to hotels (or any other business in direct receipt of visitor expenditure).
- **Induced Jobs** Induced jobs are those that are supported by the spending of wages by employees in direct and indirect jobs. Such spending will be spread across a wide range of service sectors.

Estimates are shown for actual jobs and full time equivalent jobs (FTE's).

West Oxfordshire – Tourism related employment

